Application No. 10/550,163 Amendment dated January 24, 2006

Second Preliminary Amendment

Docket No.: 20506/0203371-US0

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): An electrode for an electric electro-surgical operation

device, comprising:

a hollow electrode formed in a hollow tube shape extending from a closed tip;

a first non-insulation area formed to a predetermined length from the closed tip;

an a first insulation-coating area formed on an outside surface of the hollow

electrode beginning at a the predetermined length from the closed tip;

a refrigerant tube, having a smaller diameter than a diameter of the hollow

electrode, inserted into the hollow electrode, the refrigerant tube configured to supply refrigerants

into the hollow electrode that resulting to cool a living tissue in contact with the closed tip of and/or

the hollow electrode, and further configured to externally discharge heat-exchanged refrigerants

from the living tissue through a gap between the refrigerant tube and the hollow electrode;

at least one first hole formed on the outside surface of the hollow electrode within

the predetermined length from the closed tip first non-insulation area;

the first hole operable to externally discharge a portion of the refrigerants supplied

through the refrigerant tube from the hollow electrode into the living tissue in contact with the

closed tip and/or the hollow electrode; and

a flow control mechanism formed on the outside surface of the hollow electrode,

within the predetermined length from the closed tip first non-insulation area, and operable to act as a

discharge resistance to the refrigerants discharged from the first hole, so as to control a flow of the

refrigerants.

Application No. 10/550,163 Docket No.: 20506/0203371-US0 Amendment dated January 24, 2006

Second Preliminary Amendment

Claim 2 (Canceled)

Claim 3 (Currently Amended): The electrode of claim 1, further comprising:

a saline solution pipe inserted onto the outside surface of the hollow electrode with

a predetermined gap, and having an a second non-insulation area at another predetermined length

toward the closed tip and a second insulation eoating area on the outside surface except within the

predetermined length of the closed tip second non-insulation area;

the saline solution pipe operable to infuse a saline solution through the gap, and

discharge the saline solution through at least one second hole formed on the outside surface located

within the predetermined length from the closed tip of the second non-insulation area.

Claim 4 (Previously Presented): The electrode of claim 3, wherein the hollow electrode and

the saline solution pipe are conductive, further comprising:

a power source operable to apply different power to the hollow electrode and the

saline solution pipe; and

an insulation member formed on the surface of the hollow electrode and configured

to prevent short circuit of the saline solution supplied through the gap between the hollow electrode

and the saline solution pipe.

Claim 5 (Currently Amended): The electrode of claim 4, wherein the insulation member

comprises an the first insulation coating area formed on the surface of the hollow electrode, and an

Application No. 10/550,163

Amendment dated January 24, 2006

Second Preliminary Amendment

insulation packing provided between the hollow electrode and the saline solution pipe.

Claim 6 (Previously Presented): The electrode of claim 1, wherein the closed tip of the

Docket No.: 20506/0203371-US0

hollow electrode is a conductive spear head, and the hollow electrode and the spearhead are

incorporated with each other.

Claim 7 (Currently Amended): The electrode of claim 1, wherein the flow control

mechanism is a hollow tube inserted onto the outside surface of the hollow electrode where the

insulation coating has not been formed first non-insulation area, and having a third hole on the

outside surface, the flow control mechanism controlling a volume of the discharged refrigerants by

alternately installing the first hole of the hollow electrode and the third hole of the hollow tube, and

operating as a discharge resistance to the refrigerants discharged from the first hole.

Claim 8 (Currently Amended): The electrode of claim 7, wherein compression units of the

hollow tube are formed in a zigzag shape on a discharge passage of from the first hole, to the third

hole and both ends of the hollow tube, and operated as discharge resistances to the refrigerants

discharged from the first hole, for controlling so as to control the volume of the discharged

refrigerants.

Claim 9 (Currently Amended): The electrode of claim 1, wherein the flow control

mechanism is a porous metal sintered body layer formed on the outside surface of the hollow

electrode within the predetermined length from the closed tip first non-insulation area;

Docket No.: 20506/0203371-US0 Application No. 10/550,163

Amendment dated January 24, 2006

Second Preliminary Amendment

the sintered body layer operable to act as discharge resistance to the refrigerants discharged

from the first hole, so as to [a] control the volume of the discharged refrigerants.

Claim 10 (Canceled)

Claim 11 (Canceled)

Claim 12 (Canceled)

Claim 13 (Canceled)

Claim 14 (Canceled)

Claim 15 (Currently Amended): The electrode of claim 3, wherein the flow control

mechanism is a hollow tube inserted onto the outside surface of the hollow electrode where the

insulation coating has not been formed first non-insulation area, and having a third hole on the

outside surface, the flow control mechanism controlling a volume of the discharged refrigerants by

alternately installing the first hole of the hollow electrode and the third hole of the hollow tube, and

operating as a discharge resistance to the refrigerants discharged from the first hole.

Claim 16 (Currently Amended): The electrode of claim 4, wherein the flow control

mechanism is a hollow tube inserted onto the outside surface of the hollow electrode where the

Application No. 10/550,163

Amendment dated January 24, 2006

Second Preliminary Amendment

insulation coating has not been formed first non-insulation area, and having a third hole on the

Docket No.: 20506/0203371-US0

outside surface, the flow control mechanism controlling a volume of the discharged refrigerants by

alternately installing the first hole of the hollow electrode and the third hole of the hollow tube, and

operating as a discharge resistance to the refrigerants discharged from the first hole.

Claim 17 (Currently Amended): The electrode of claim 5, wherein the flow control

mechanism is a hollow tube inserted onto the outside surface of the hollow electrode where the

insulation coating has not been formed first non-insulation area, and having a third hole on the

outside surface, the flow control mechanism controlling a volume of the discharged refrigerants by

alternately installing the first hole of the hollow electrode and the third hole of the hollow tube, and

operating as a discharge resistance to the refrigerants discharged from the first hole.

Claim 18 (Canceled)

Claim 19 (Canceled)

Claim 20 (Canceled)

Claim 21 (New): An electrode for an electro-surgical operation device, comprising:

a hollow electrode formed in a hollow tube shape extending from a closed tip;

a first non-insulation area formed to a predetermined length from the closed tip;

a first insulation area formed on an outside surface of the hollow electrode

Application No. 10/550,163 Amendment dated January 24, 2006

Second Preliminary Amendment

beginning at the predetermined length from the closed tip;

a refrigerant tube, having a smaller diameter than a diameter of the hollow

Docket No.: 20506/0203371-US0

electrode, inserted into the hollow electrode, the refrigerant tube configured to supply refrigerants

into the hollow electrode resulting to cool a living tissue in contact with the closed tip and/or the

hollow electrode, and further configured to externally discharge heat-exchanged refrigerants from

the living tissue through a gap between the refrigerant tube and the hollow electrode; and

a refrigerant discharging mechanism formed in the first non-insulation area,

operable to externally discharge a portion of the refrigerants supplied through the refrigerant tube

into the living tissue in contact with the closed tip and/or the hollow electrode.

Claim 22 (New): The electrode of claim 21, further comprising:

a saline solution pipe inserted onto the outside surface of the hollow electrode with

a predetermined gap, and having a second non-insulation area at another predetermined length

toward the closed tip and a second insulation area on the outside surface except the second non-

insulation area:

the saline solution pipe operable to infuse a saline solution through the gap, and

discharge the saline solution through at least one second hole formed on the outside surface of the

second non-insulation area.

Claim 23 (New): The electrode of claim 22, wherein the hollow electrode and the saline

solution pipe are conductive, further comprising:

a power source operable to apply different power to the hollow electrode and the

Application No. 10/550,163

Amendment dated January 24, 2006

Second Preliminary Amendment

saline solution pipe; and

an insulation member formed on the surface of the hollow electrode and configured

Docket No.: 20506/0203371-US0

to prevent short circuit of the saline solution supplied through the gap between the hollow electrode

and the saline solution pipe.

Claim 24 (New): The electrode of claim 4, wherein the insulation member comprises the

first insulation area formed on the surface of the hollow electrode, and an insulation packing

provided between the hollow electrode and the saline solution pipe.

Claim 25 (New): The electrode of claim 21, wherein the refrigerant discharging mechanism

is a porous metal sintered body formed in the first non-insulation area;

the sintered body operable to act a discharge resistance to the refrigerants supplied

through the refrigerant tube, so as to control the volume of the discharged refrigerants.

Claim 26 (New): A method for an electro-surgical operation comprising:

inserting an ablation device including at least one electrode into a wanted region in

a living body; and

proceeding a radio-frequency ablation at the wanted region, when relatively much

refrigerant is supplied from the outside into the electrode so as to cool a living tissue in contact with

the electrode and relatively little refrigerant discharges into the living tissue.

Claim 27 (New): The method of claim 26, wherein the discharged refrigerant is a portion of

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Application No. 10/550,163 Amendment dated January 24, 2006

Second Preliminary Amendment

refrigerant supplied so as to cool the living tissue.

Claim 28 (New): The method of claim 26, wherein the discharged refrigerant is supplied

Docket No.: 20506/0203371-US0

into the living tissue through at least one different channel from a channel for supplying the

refrigerant so as to cool the living tissue.